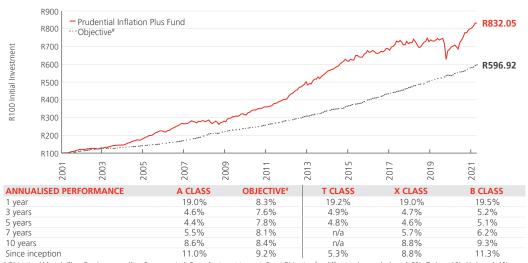
PRUDENTIAL INFLATION PLUS FUND

30 SEPTEMBER 2021

FACT SHEET/MINIMUM DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT

SINCE INCEPTION CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE, DISTRIBUTIONS REINVESTED (A CLASS)



* Objective (After A Class Fees) over a rolling 3-year period. Fee adjustment to gross Fund Objective for different classes: A class -1.6%, T class -1.%, X class -1.4%, B class -0.9%

ASSET ALLOCATION

SA Inflation-linked Bonds

SA Equity

SA Cash

TCLASS

X CLASS

Africa Equity

Foreign Equity

Foreign Bonds Foreign Cash

SA Listed Property

SA Bonds (ex. Inflation-linked Bonds)

Inception dates: X Class: 1 July 2011, B Class: 1 July 2002, T Class: 2 January 2015

RETURNS SINCE INCEPTION## Highest annualised return	A CLASS 30.8%	DATE 30 Apr 2006
Lowest annualised return	-13.7%	31 Mar 2020
RISK MEASURES	A CLASS	OBJECTIVE
Monthly volatility (annualised)	6.7%	1.6%

THIST THE AS OTTES	A CEASS	Objective
Monthly volatility (annualised)	6.7%	1.6%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-15.9%	-0.7%
% of positive rolling 12 months	89.7%	100.0%
Information ratio	-0.3	n/a
Sortino ratio	-0.1	n/a
Sharpe ratio	-0.1	n/a

TOP 10 HOLDINGS*

1.	Prudential Worldwide Real Return Fund	10.4%
2.	Prudential Corporate Bond Fund	7.7%
3.	Republic of SA Bond 8.875% 280235 (R2035)	7.4%
4.	Prudential Worldwide Strategic Real Return Fund	5.9%
5.	US Dollar Cash	4.2%
6.	Republic of SA ILB 3.45% 071233 (R202)	3.6%
7.	Republic of SA Bond 8.50% 310137 (R2037)	2.7%
8.	Republic of SA Bond 8.75% 310144 (R2044)	2.7%
9.	Republic of SA Bond 8.25% 310332 (R2032)	2.5%
10.	Firstrand Bank ILB 2.60% 310328	2.4%
*As	at 30 September 2021 (updated quarterly)	
INI	FSTMENT OPTIONS	A CLASS

	A CLASS	I CLASS	I CLASS	A CLASS	DCLASS
Minimum lump sum investment	R10 000	R10 000	R10 000	R10 000	R20 million
Minimum monthly debit order	R500 pm	R500 pm	R500 pm	R500 pm	n/a
INITIAL FEES (excl. VAT)	A CLASS	T CLASS	I CLASS	X CLASS	B CLASS
INITIAL FEES (excl. VAT) Prudential	A CLASS 0.00%	T CLASS 0.00%	I CLASS 0.00%	X CLASS 0.00%	B CLASS 0.00%

* Initial Adviser Fees are negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Initial Adviser Fee, it will be deducted before the investment is made

ANNUAL MANAGEMENT FEES (excl. VAT)	A CLASS	T CLASS	I CLASS	X CLASS	B CLASS
Prudential**	1.00%	0.80%	1.25%	1.00%	0.60%
Financial adviser service fee (if applicable) ***	n/a	n/a	0.50%	0.50%	n/a
** The Fund can invest portions of its assets into underlying foreign investme	ents (incl. investments into A	frica). This would i	mainly be achieved b	by investing into the	sub-funds of the

** The Fund can invest portions or its assets into underlying toreign investments (inc. investment into Airca). This would mainly be denered by investing into the sourcaus or the Prudential Global Funds ICAV and the Prudential Africa Equity Fund. These funds will charge an additional asset management fee which is included in the Fund's NAV and the Fund's TER. The Manager receives a marketing and distribution fee in respect of the Prudential Global Funds.
**** The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in Prudential's nava management fee above. An Ongoing Adviser Fee, over and above the Financial Adviser Service Fee, may be negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Ongoing Adviser Fee, it will be paid via the regular repurchase of units.

EXPENSES (incl. VAT)	A CLASS	T CLASS	I CLASS	X CLASS	B CLASS
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	1.46%	1.11%	1.60%	1.35%	0.88%
Transaction Costs (TC)	0.13%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.13%
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	1.59%	1.24%	1.72%	1.48%	1.01%

Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable)

Becomina PRUDENTIAL

MULTI-ASSET



FUND OBJECTIVE:

The primary objective is to outperform CPI by 5% before fees (which is 3.4% after fees for the A class) over a rolling 3-year period. The secondary objective is to reduce the risk of capital loss over any rolling 12-month period.

INVESTOR PROFILE:

Individuals looking for a low- to medium-risk multi-asset fund. Individuals and retirees who want to protect their investment from the detrimental effects of inflation over time. The recommended investment horizon is 3 years or longer

INVESTMENT MANDATE:

28.8%

28.4%

13.9%

9.1%

5.8%

5.2%

5.2%

2.3%

1.3%

B CLASS

The Fund invests in a diversified mix of local and foreign equity, bonds, listed property and cash. The Fund may also invest in derivatives and other collective investment schemes. Asset allocation is actively and tactically managed to achieve the Fund's objectives. The intended maximum limits are Equity 40%, Listed Property 25%, Foreign 30%, and Africa (excl. SA) 5%. The Fund is managed to comply with regulations governing retirement fund investments (Regulation 28).

FUND MANAGERS

David Knee, Michael Moyle, Sandile Malinga and Leonard Krüger

ASISA CATEGORY:

South African - Multi-Asset - Low Equity

OBJECTIVE (BEFORE FEES):

CPI+5% p.a. over a rolling 3-year period

INCEPTION DATE:

1 June 2001 FUND SIZE-

R20 448 329 375

AWARDS:

Raging Bull: 2013 Morningstar: 2015

Becoming M&G

We will soon be changing our name to M&G Investments, as we align our brand with our global shareholder, M&G plc group. Our ownership and identity changes will have no impact on the way our unit trust funds are managed. Our consistent investment process and philosophy remain the same.

LEARN MORE



30 SEPTEMBER 2021

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INCOME DISTRIBUTIONS	TOTAL DISTRIBUTIONS	12-MONTH YIELD
(A Class) 30 June 2021	5.99 cpu	2.92%
(A Class) 31 December 2020	5.06 cpu	3.31%
(B Class) 30 June 2021	6.88 сри	3.32%
(B Class) 31 December 2020	5.89 cpu	3.90%
(T Class) 30 June 2021	6.43 сри	3.12%
(T Class) 31 December 2020	5.47 cpu	3.67%

FUND COMMENTARY

Global equity markets were broadly negative in September over concerns that central banks were preparing to scale back stimulus measures. Contributing to the risk-off sentiment were events in China, where Chinese property group Evergrande faced a liquidity crisis that threatened to spill over into the broader economy. In the US, sentiment dampened after the Fed signalled that a rise in interest rates may follow more quickly than expected, and that a moderation in the pace of asset purchases may be warranted, as the economy continues to make progress towards employment and inflation goals. US GDP growth for Q2 2021 was revised higher to 6.7% (q/q, annualised). In the UK, Prime Minister Boris Johnson deployed army drivers and the government's reserve tanker fleet to help ease petrol shortages. Petrol stations ran dry as the region grappled with low supplies following a shortage of truck drivers and a temporary spike in consumer demand. Meanwhile, the Bank of 5.5% q/q in Q2 2021, above initial estimates of a 4.8% increase. Elsewhere, the European Central Bank kept interest rates at record-low levels but said it would start tapering the pace of net asset purchases for the rest of the year due to improved economic conditions. The central bank reiterated, however, that it would adjust its purchases according to market conditions. Eurozone GDP was revised higher to 2.2% q/q in Q2 2021. In China, concerns over the impact of power curbs, further regulatory crackdowns, and the liquidity crisis facing Evergrande all weighed on investor sentiment.

In South Africa, the SARB kept the repo rate unchanged in September, citing that the overall risks to the medium-term growth outlook remained balanced, while the risks to the short-term inflation outlook were assessed to the upside. GDP for Q2 2021 grew by 1.2% q/q. The SARB raised its GDP growth projection for 2021 to 5.3% (from 4.2%), while lowering its growth forecasts for 2022 to 1.7% (from 2.3%) and 1.8% in 2023 (from 2.4%). Meanwhile, retail sales declined by 11.2% m/m in July, largely on the back of a decline in retail activity following the civil unrest that broke out across parts of the country. In September, the FTSE/JSE All Share Index returned -3.1%, the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index delivered -2.1%, inflation-linked bonds (the Composite ILB Index) posted 0.3%, and cash as measured by the STEFI Composite Index returned 0.3%. Looking at global market returns (in US\$), the MSCI All Country World Index delivered -4.1%, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index returned -1.8%, while the EPRA/NAREIT Global Property REIT Index posted -5.7%. The rand weakened 4.0% against the Glolar, 1.9% against the pound sterling and 2.1% against the euro.

Contributing the most to absolute performance for the month was the fund's exposure to foreign cash, foreign equities (excluding property) and foreign bonds.

GLOSSARY	
Information ratio	Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Unit class	Prudential's Funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.
Sharpe ratio	The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Sortino ratio	This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gains distributed over the same period.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Percentage of positive rolling 12 months	The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period.
Regulation 28	The South African retirement fund industry is governed by the Pension Funds Act, No 24 of 1956. Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act prescribes the maximum limits in asset classes that an approved retirement fund may invest in.
Intended maximum limits	This indicates the Fund's intended maximum exposure to an asset class. These limits may be reviewed subject to the Fund's Supplemental Deed and/or Regulation 28 for those Funds managed in accordance with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.prudential.co.za



MULTI-ASSET

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Application forms and all required documentation must be faxed to +27 11 263 6143 or e-mailed to instructionsa@myprudential.co.za.

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Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations - relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the enting forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day willbe. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A Prudential unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fee, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees is available on our website. One can also obtain additional information on Prudential products on the Prudential website. The Fund may hold foreign securities including foreign CIS funds. As a result, the fund may face material risks. The volatility of the fund may be higher and the liquidity of the underlying securities may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities and to repatriate investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities may be adversely affected for multiple proceeds of sales of securities may be adversely and the down inhibition reasons including market conditions, marco-economic and political circumstances. Further, the return on the security may be affected (positively or negatively) by the difference in tax regimes between the domestic and foreign tax jurisdictions. The availability of market information and information on any underlying sub-funds may be delayed. The Manager may, at its discretion, close your chosen unit trust fund to new investors and to additional investments by existing investors to make sure that it is managed in accordance with its mandate. It may also stop your existing debit order investment. The Manager makes no guarantees as to the capital invested in the fund or the returns of the fund. Excessive withdrawals from the fund may place the fund under liquidity pressure and, in certain circumstances, a process of ring fending withdrawal instructions may be followed. Fund prices are published daily on the Prudential website. These are also available upon request. The performance is calculated for the portfolio. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. Purchase and repurchase requests must be received by the Manager by 13h30 (11h30 for the Money Market Fund) SA time each business day. All online purchase and repurchase transactions must be received by the Manager by 10h30 (for all Funds) SA time each business day